

Office of Nevada Secretary of State Barbara K. Cegavske 2020 Nevada Student Mock Election Results as of Student Mock Election Day October 29, 2020

FEDERAL PARTISAN OFFICES	Vote Cast	Percent of Votes Cast
United States President and Vice President		
Biden, Joseph R. / Harris, Kamala D. (DEM)	2088	62.31%
Blakenship, Don / Mohr, William (IAP)	24	0.72%
Jorgensen, Jo / Cohen, Jeremy "Spike" (LPM)	64	1.91%
Trump, Donald J. / Pence, Michael R. (REP)	895	26.71%
None of These Candidates	280	8.35%
Total	3351	100.00%

United States Representative in Congress, District 1		
Bakari, Kamau (IAP)	198	8.59%
Bentley, Joyce (REP)	697	30.24%
Strawder, Jr., Robert Van (LPN)	194	8.42%
Titus, Dina (DEM)	1216	52.75%
Tota	2305	100.00%

United States Representative in Congress, District 2		
Ackerman, Patricia (DEM)	107	58.47%
Amodei, Mark E. (REP)	65	35.52%
Hansen, Janine (IAP)	11	6.01%
Tota	183	100.00%

United States Representative in Congress, District 3		
Bridges, II, Ed S. (IAP)	34	8.04%
Brown, Steve (LPN)	51	12.05%
Lee, Susie (DEM)	215	50.83%
Rodimer, Dan "Big Dan" (REP)	123	29.08%
Total	423	100.00%

United States Representative in Congress, District 4		
Esteban, Jonathan Royce	33	12.52%
Horsford, Steven (DEM)	102	14.80%
Marchant, Jim (REP)	88	36.07%
Rubinson, Barry L.	21	8.61%
Tota	244	72.00%

STATE - BALLOT ISSUES	Vote Total	Percent of Votes Cast	
State Question 1: Amendment to the Nevada Constitution – Replace existing providuties of the Board of Regents	State Question 1: Amendment to the Nevada Constitution – Replace existing provisions of certain governing		
YES — Replace existing Nevada Constitution provisions of certain governing duties of the Board of Regents to ensure the Legislature's authority over the Board in all matters relating to the State University which will allow for additional legislative oversight and accountability to improve the State's entire system of public higher education and administration of funding under federal law.	1218	61.73%	
NO – Keep existing provisions of the Nevada Constitution governing the election and duties of the Board of Regents and which gives the Board of Regents independent powers to control and manage the affairs and funds of the State University without threat of political interference by the Legislature and Governor	755	38.27%	
Total	1973	100.00%	

State Question 2: Amendment to the Nevada Constitution – Amend to remove the provision preempted by		
federal constitutional law		
YES – Amend the Nevada Constitution to remove the provision preempted by	1310	
federal constitutional law and which is therefore unenforceable that only a		
marriage between a male person and a female person may be recognized and given		
effect in Nevada. Would require that the State of Nevada and its political		
subdivisions must recognize marriages of and issue marriage licenses to couples		
regardless of gender and require that all legally valid marriages must be treated		
equally under the law. The measure provides that religious organizations and		
members of the clergy have the right to refuse to perform a marriage and that no		
person has the right to make any claim against a religious organization or member		
of the clergy for refusing to perform a marriage.		65.60%
NO – If the U.S. Supreme Court were to overturn the decision that marriages of	687	
couples regardless of gender must be treated equally under the law, the definition		
of marriage currently in the Nevada Constitution would again be the controlling law		
of Nevada. The people of Nevada ratified in the Nevada Constitution the definition		
of marriage as being only between a man and a woman in 2000 and 2002. The		
Nevada Constitution should not be changed in reaction to a court decision that can		
be overturned. Domestic partnerships are a viable option for same-sex couples in		
Nevada.		34.40%
Total	1997	100.00%

State Question 3: Replace existing Nevada Constitution provisions to require the State Board of Pardons		
Commissioners to meet quarterly		
YES – Replace existing Nevada Constitution provisions to require the State Board of	1356	
Pardons Commissioners to meet quarterly. It allows the Board to grant pardons and		
clemency decisions by a vote of its members not requiring the governor to be part		
of the majority vote in those decisions.		69.33%
NO – Keep the current provisions of the Nevada Constitution which do not specify	600	
meeting times of the State Board of Pardons Commissioners and requiring the		
governor to be included in the majority vote of granting pardons and other		
clemency decisions.		30.67%
Total	1956	100.00%

State Question 4: Amend the Nevada Constitution to provide an enumerated list of voting rights		
YES – Amend the Nevada Constitution to provide an enumerated list of voting	1450	
rights guaranteed to all qualified and registered voters in the State which are		
currently protected by existing statutes. Voters will be assured that attempts to		
diminish or otherwise interfere with voting rights or election outcomes in Nevada		
will be much more difficult to accomplish than just by change of statute.		73.27%
NO – Basic voting rights are already enshrined in both the United States	529	
Constitution and the Nevada Constitution. The voting rights listed in Question 4		
exist in statute. While vitally important, they are not timeless in their structure or		
application, and the forms they take may change substantially as the ways in which		
we vote and conduct elections evolve. Future advances in technology will likely		
make several of the voting matters addressed by Question 4 obsolete.		26.73%
Total	1979	100.00%

State Question 6: Amend the Nevada Constitution to require all providers of electr	ic utility ser	vices that sell
electricity to retail customers for consumption		
YES – Amend the Nevada Constitution to require all providers of electric utility	1358	
services that sell electricity to retail customers for consumption in Nevada to meet		
a Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) that would go into effect beginning in		
calendar year 2022 and increase gradually until the RPS reaches 50 percent in		
calendar year 2030. Nevada's RPS law is found in Chapter 704 of Nevada Revised		
Statutes. The Nevada Legislature would have until July 1, 2021 to pass any law		
required to carry out the provisions of the constitutional amendment.		68.72%
NO – Nevada's current Renewable Portfolio Standard is already set to increase to	618	
25 percent by 2025. A constitutional mandate dictating energy policy is		
unnecessary and risky. Passage of Question 6 would recklessly pave a path putting		
ratepayer at risk by erasing Nevada's ability through legislation to judiciously apply		
its own adjustments to our current RPS. This question confines the types of energy		
consumption Nevadans would be forced to rely on and mandates policies in the		
Nevada Constitution that would serve to punish consumers and impose flawed		
policies. Nevada is better served by a legislative process that safely adjusts the		
proportional quantities of Nevada's power usage as technological developments		
continue to advance.		31.28%
Total	1976	100.00%

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POLL QUESTIONS	Vote Total	Votes Cast
The pandemic and concerns for student, teacher and staff safety have caused major education delivery in classrooms at a school facility. Which statement best describe online instruction delivery:	•	
I am able to access my classes and find my course work satisfactorily.	2241	68.20%
The technical side of how to get into my classes and communicate with my teachers	774	
has been the most difficult part.		23.55%
I was already doing online school, so this is little or no change for me.	106	3.23%
Other than the required safety protocols, there is no change because I attend	165	
school in-person		5.02%
Total	3286	100.00%

Rate your overall satisfaction with online school using 1 (lowest/worst) to 10 (highest/best)		
1	233	7.03%
2	106	3.20%
3	240	7.24%
4	310	9.36%
5	471	14.22%
6	358	10.81%
7	569	17.17%
8	545	16.45%
9	223	6.73%
10	204	6.16%
N/A	54	1.63%
Total	3313	100.00%

We have been hearing this election cycle a lot about "fake news" in the media. It is difficult to tell what is true or factual and what is false or distorted. When you are able to vote, how do you think you will get the best information on the candidates and ballot questions?			
TV – multiple stations		791	24.04%
Campaign ads that come in the mail		89	2.71%
Internet		1114	33.86%
Candidate's website		810	24.62%
Parents/Family		363	11.03%
Friends		28	0.85%
Teachers		95	2.89%
	Total	3290	100.00%