

# NOTICE OF INTENT TO CIRCULATE STATEWIDE INITIATIVE OR REFERENDUM PETITION

State of Nevada



Secretary of State Barbara K. Cegavske

Pursuant to NRS 295.015, before a petition for initiative or referendum may be presented to registered voters for signatures, the person who intends to circulate the petition must provide the following information:

**NAME OF PERSON FILING THE PETITION**

Education Freedom PAC

**NAME(S) OF PERSON(S) AUTHORIZED TO WITHDRAW OR AMEND THE PETITION (provide up to three)**

1. Erin Phillips

2.

3.

**NAME OF THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE (PAC) ADVOCATING FOR THE PASSAGE OF THE INITIATIVE OR REFERENDUM (if none, leave blank)**

Education Freedom PAC

Please note, if you are creating a Political Action Committee for the purpose of advocating for the passage of the initiative or referendum, you must complete a separate PAC registration form.

Additionally, a copy of the initiative or referendum, including the description of effect, must be filed with the Secretary of State's office at the time you submit this form.

X

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Erin Phillips", is written over a horizontal line.

Signature of Petition Filer

01/27/2022

Date

# **State of Nevada - Initiative Petition – Statewide Statutory Measure**

EXPLANATION: Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets [~~omitted material~~] is material to be omitted.

**The People of the State of Nevada do enact as follows:**

**Section 1.** Chapter 385 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act.

**Sec. 2.** *As used in sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 8, inclusive, of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.*

**Sec. 3.** *“Education freedom account” means an account established for a child pursuant to section 9 of this act.*

**Sec. 4.** *“Eligible institution” means: 1. A university, state college or community college within the Nevada System of Higher Education; or 2. Any other college or university that: (a) Was originally established in, and is organized under the laws of, this State; (b) Is exempt from taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3); and (c) Is accredited by a regional accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education.*

**Sec. 5.** *“Parent” means the parent, custodial parent, legal guardian or other person in this State who has control or charge of a child and the legal right to direct the education of the child.*

**Sec. 6.** *“Participating entity” means a private school that is licensed pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or exempt from such licensing pursuant to NRS 394.211, an eligible institution, a program of distance education that is not offered by a public school or the Department, a tutor or tutoring agency or a parent that has provided to the State Treasurer the application described in subsection 1 of section 13 of this act.*

**Sec. 7.** *“Program of distance education” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.829.*

**Sec. 8.** *“Resident school district” means the school district in which a child would be enrolled based on his or her residence.*

**Sec. 9. 1.** *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, the parent of any child required by NRS 392.040 to attend a public school who was enrolled in a public school in this State during the entirety of the school year immediately preceding the establishment of an education freedom account pursuant to this section or is eligible to enroll in kindergarten may establish an education freedom account for the child by entering into a written agreement with the State Treasurer, in a manner and on a form provided by the State Treasurer. The agreement must provide that:*

*(a) The child will receive instruction in this State from a participating entity for the school year for which the agreement applies;*

*(b) The child will receive a grant, in the form of money deposited pursuant to section 10 of this act in the education freedom account established for the child pursuant to subsection 2;*

*(c) The money in the education freedom account established for the child must be expended only as authorized by section 11 of this act; and*

- 2. If an agreement is entered into pursuant to subsection 1, an education freedom account must be established by the parent on behalf of the child. The account must be maintained with a financial management firm qualified by the State Treasurer pursuant to section 12 of this act.*
- 3. The failure to enter into an agreement pursuant to subsection 1 for any school year for which a child is required by NRS 392.040 to attend a public school does not preclude the parent of the child from entering into an agreement for a subsequent school year.*
- 4. An agreement entered into pursuant to subsection 1 is valid for 1 school year but may be terminated early. If the agreement is terminated early, the child may not receive instruction from a public school in this State until the end of the period for which the last deposit was made into the education freedom account pursuant to section 10 of this act, except to the extent the pupil was allowed to receive instruction from a public school under the agreement or the participating entity providing education to the child ceases to lawfully operate.*
- 5. An agreement terminates automatically if the child no longer resides in this State. In such a case, any money remaining in the education freedom account of the child reverts to the State General Fund.*
- 6. An agreement may be renewed for any school year for which the child is required by NRS 392.040 to attend a public school. The failure to renew an agreement for any school year does not preclude the parent of the child from renewing the agreement for any subsequent school year.*
- 7. A parent may enter into a separate agreement pursuant to subsection 1 for each child of the parent. Not more than one education freedom account may be established for a child.*
- 8. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, the State Treasurer shall enter into or renew an agreement pursuant to this section with any parent of a child required by NRS 392.040 to attend a public school who applies to the State Treasurer in the manner provided by the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall make the application available on the Internet website of the State Treasurer.*
- 9. Upon entering into or renewing an agreement pursuant to this section, the State Treasurer shall provide to the parent who enters into or renews the agreement a written explanation of the authorized uses, pursuant to section 11 of this act, of the money in an education freedom account and the responsibilities of the parent and the State Treasurer pursuant to the agreement and sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act.*
- 10. A parent may not establish an education freedom account for a child who will be homeschooled, who will receive instruction outside this State or who will remain enrolled full-time in a public school, regardless of whether such a child receives instruction from a participating entity. A parent may establish an education freedom account for a child who receives a portion of his or her instruction from a public school and a portion of his or her instruction from a participating entity.*

*Sec. 10. 1. Subject to the limitations described in subsection 2, if a parent enters into or renews an agreement pursuant to section 9 of this act and the Legislature has appropriated money to fund grants described in this section, a grant of money on behalf of the child must be deposited in the education freedom account of the child.*

- 2. Nothing herein shall require the Legislature to appropriate money to fund the grants described in this section. The availability of grants is subject to the availability of funds as determined by the Legislature.*
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 4, 5 and 6, the grant required by subsection 1 must, for the school year for which the grant is made, be in an amount equal to 90 percent of the statewide base per pupil funding amount.*

*4. If the Treasurer determines that there are not sufficient funds to provide grants in the amounts described in subsection 3, the Treasurer shall apportion the amount of available grants equally in relation to the amount of available funds and the number of agreements entered into pursuant to Section 9. If the Legislature declines to appropriate money to fund the grants described in subsection 1, no grants shall be made.*

*5. If a child receives a portion of his or her instruction from a participating entity and a portion of his or her instruction from a public school, for the school year for which the grant is made, the grant required by subsection 1 must be in a pro rata based on amount the percentage of the total instruction provided to the child by the participating entity in proportion to the total instruction provided to the child.*

*6. The State Treasurer may deduct not more than 4 percent of each grant for the administrative costs of implementing the provisions of sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act.*

*7. The State Treasurer shall deposit the money for each grant in quarterly installments pursuant to a schedule determined by the State Treasurer.*

*8. Any money remaining in an education freedom account:*

*(a) At the end of a school year may be carried forward to the next school year if the agreement entered into pursuant to section 9 of this act is renewed.*

*(b) When an agreement entered into pursuant to section 9 of this act is not renewed or is terminated, because the child for whom the account was established graduates from high school or for any other reason, reverts to the State General Fund at the end of the last day of the agreement.*

*Sec. 11. 1. Money deposited in an education freedom account must be used only to pay for:*

*(a) Tuition and fees at a school that is a participating entity in which the child is enrolled;*

*(b) Textbooks required for a child who enrolls in a school that is a participating entity;*

*(c) Tutoring or other teaching services provided by a tutor or tutoring facility that is a participating entity;*

*(d) Tuition and fees for a program of distance education that is a participating entity;*

*(e) Fees for any national norm-referenced achievement examination, advanced placement or similar examination or standardized examination required for admission to a college or university;*

*(f) If the child is a pupil with a disability, as that term is defined in NRS 388.417, fees for any special instruction or special services provided to the child;*

*(g) Tuition and fees at an eligible institution that is a participating entity;*

*(h) Textbooks required for the child at an eligible institution that is a participating entity or to receive instruction from any other participating entity;*

*(i) Fees for the management of the education freedom account, as described in section 12 of this act;*

*(j) Transportation required for the child to travel to and from a participating entity or any combination of participating entities up to but not to exceed \$750 per school year; or*

*(k) Purchasing a curriculum or any supplemental materials required to administer the curriculum.*

*2. A participating entity that receives a payment authorized by subsection 1 shall not:*

*(a) Refund any portion of the payment to the parent who made the payment, unless the refund is for an item that is being returned or an item or service that has not been provided; or*

*(b) Rebate or otherwise share any portion of the payment with the parent who made the payment.*

*3. A parent who receives a refund pursuant to subsection 2 shall deposit the refund in the education freedom account from which the money refunded was paid.*

*4. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit a parent or child from making a payment for any tuition, fee, service or product described in subsection 1 from a source other than the education freedom account of the child.*

*Sec. 12. 1. The State Treasurer shall qualify one or more private financial management firms to manage education freedom accounts and shall establish reasonable fees, based on market rates, for the management of education freedom accounts.*

*2. An education freedom account must be audited randomly each year by a certified or licensed public accountant. The State Treasurer may provide for additional audits of an education freedom account as it determines necessary.*

*3. If the State Treasurer determines that there has been substantial misuse of the money in an education freedom account, the State Treasurer may:*

*(a) Freeze or dissolve the account, subject to any regulations adopted by the State Treasurer providing for notice of such action and opportunity to respond to the notice; and*

*(b) Give notice of his or her determination to the Attorney General or the district attorney of the county in which the parent resides.*

*Sec. 13. 1. The following persons may become a participating entity by submitting an application demonstrating that the person is:*

*(a) A private school licensed pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or exempt from such licensing pursuant to NRS 394.211;*

*(b) An eligible institution;*

*(c) A program of distance education that is not operated by a public school or the Department;*

*(d) A tutor or tutoring facility that is accredited by a state, regional or national accrediting organization; or*

*(e) The parent of a child.*

*2. The State Treasurer shall approve an application submitted pursuant to subsection 1 or request additional information to demonstrate that the person meets the criteria to serve as a participating entity. If the applicant is unable to provide such additional information, the State Treasurer may deny the application.*

*3. If it is reasonably expected that a participating entity will receive, from payments made from education freedom accounts, more than \$50,000 during any school year, the participating entity shall annually, on or before the date prescribed by the State Treasurer by regulation:*

*(a) Post a surety bond in an amount equal to the amount reasonably expected to be paid to the participating entity from education freedom accounts during the school year; or*

*(b) Provide evidence satisfactory to the State Treasurer that the participating entity otherwise has unencumbered assets sufficient to pay to the State Treasurer an amount equal to the amount described in paragraph (a).*

*4. Each participating entity that accepts payments made from education freedom accounts shall provide a receipt for each such payment to the parent who makes the payment.*

*5. The State Treasurer may refuse to allow an entity described in subsection 1 to continue to participate in the grant program provided for in sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act if the State Treasurer determines that the entity:*

*(a) Has routinely failed to comply with the provisions of sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act; or*

*(b) Has failed to provide any educational services required by law to a child receiving instruction from the entity if the entity is accepting payments made from the education freedom account of the child.*

*6. If the State Treasurer takes an action described in subsection 5 against an entity described in subsection 1, the State Treasurer shall provide immediate notice of the action to each parent of a child receiving instruction from the entity who has entered into or renewed an agreement pursuant to section 9 of this act and on behalf of whose child a grant of money has been deposited pursuant to section 10 of this act.*

**Sec. 14. 1. Each participating entity that accepts payments for tuition and fees made from education freedom accounts shall:**

*(a) Ensure that each child on whose behalf a grant of money has been deposited pursuant to section 10 of this act and who is receiving instruction from the participating entity takes:*

*(1) Any examinations in mathematics and English language arts required for pupils of the same grade pursuant to chapter 389 of NRS; or*

*(2) Norm-referenced achievement examinations in mathematics and English language arts each school year;*

*(b) Provide for value-added assessments of the results of the examinations described in paragraph (a); and*

*(c) Subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, provide the results of the examinations described in paragraph (a) to the Department or an organization designated by the Department pursuant to subsection 4.*

**2. The Department shall:**

*(a) Aggregate the examination results provided pursuant to subsection 1 according to the grade level, gender, race and family income level of each child whose examination results are provided; and*

*(b) Subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, make available on the Internet website of the Department:*

*(1) The aggregated results and any associated learning gains; and*

*(2) After 3 school years for which examination data has been collected, the graduation rates, as applicable, of children whose examination results are provided.*

**3. The State Treasurer shall administer an annual survey of parents who enter into or renew an agreement pursuant to section 9 of this act. The survey must ask each parent to indicate the number of years the parent has entered into or renewed such an agreement and to express:**

*(a) The relative satisfaction of the parent with the grant program established pursuant to sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act; and*

*(b) The opinions of the parent regarding any topics, items or issues that the State Treasurer determines may aid the State Treasurer in evaluating and improving the effectiveness of the grant program established pursuant to sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act.*

*4. Subject to available funding, the Department may arrange for a third-party organization to perform the duties of the Department prescribed by this section.*

**Sec. 15. 1.** *The State Treasurer shall annually make available a list of participating entities, other than any parent of a child.*

*2. Subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the Department shall annually require the resident school district of each child on whose behalf a grant of money is made pursuant to section 10 of this act to provide to the participating entity any educational records of the child.*

**Sec. 16.** *Except as otherwise provided in sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act, nothing in the provisions of sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act, shall be deemed to limit the independence or autonomy of a participating entity or to make the actions of a participating entity the actions of the State Government.*

**Sec. 17.** *The State Treasurer shall adopt any regulations necessary or convenient to carry out the provisions of sections 2 to 17, inclusive, of this act.*

**Sec. 18.** NRS 385.007 is hereby amended to read as follows: As used in this title, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. “Challenge school” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388D.305.
2. “Charter school” means a public school that is formed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 388A of NRS.
3. “Department” means the Department of Education.
4. “English learner” has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(20).
5. “Homeschooled child” means a child who receives instruction at home and who is exempt from compulsory attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070.
6. “Local school precinct” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388G.535.

*7. “Opt-in child” means a child for whom an education freedom account has been established pursuant to section 9 of this act, who is not enrolled full-time in a public or private school and who receives all or a portion of his or her instruction from a participating entity, as defined in section 6 of this act.*

[7] **8.** “Public schools” means all kindergartens and elementary schools, junior high schools and middle schools, high schools, charter schools and any other schools, classes and educational programs which receive their support through public taxation and, except for charter schools, whose textbooks and courses of study are under the control of the State Board.

[8] **9.** “School bus” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 484A.230.

[9] **10.** “School counselor” or “counselor” means a person who holds a license issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS and an endorsement to serve as a school counselor issued pursuant to regulations adopted by the

Commission on Professional Standards in Education or who is otherwise authorized by the Superintendent of Public Instruction to serve as a school counselor.

[40] **11.** “School psychologist” or “psychologist” means a person who holds a license issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS and an endorsement to serve as a school psychologist issued pursuant to regulations adopted by the Commission on Professional Standards in Education or who is otherwise authorized by the Superintendent of Public Instruction to serve as a school psychologist.

[44] **12.** “School social worker” or “social worker” means a social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 641B of NRS who holds a license issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS and an endorsement to serve as a school social worker issued pursuant to regulations adopted by the Commission on Professional Standards in Education or who is otherwise authorized by the Superintendent of Public Instruction to serve as a school social worker.

[42] **13.** “State Board” means the State Board of Education.

[43] **14.** “University school for profoundly gifted pupils” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388C.040.

**Sec. 19.** NRS 219A.140 is hereby amended to read as follows: To be eligible to serve on the Youth Legislature, a person:

1. To be eligible to serve on the Youth Legislature, a person:

(a) Must be:

- (1) A resident of the senatorial district of the Senator who appoints him or her;
- (2) Enrolled in a public school or private school located in the senatorial district of the Senator who appoints him or her; or
- (3) A homeschooled child who is otherwise eligible to be enrolled in a public school in the senatorial district of the Senator who appoints him or her;

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of NRS 219A.150, must be:

- (1) Enrolled in a public school or private school in this State in grade 9, 10 or 11 for the first school year of the term for which he or she is appointed; or
- (2) A homeschooled child who is otherwise eligible to enroll in a public school in this State in grade 9, 10 or 11 for the first school year of the term for which he or she is appointed; and

(c) Must not be related by blood, adoption or marriage within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to the Senator who appoints him or her or to any member of the Assembly who collaborated to appoint him or her.

2. If, at any time, a person appointed to the Youth Legislature changes his or her residency or changes his or her school of enrollment in such a manner as to render the person ineligible under his or her original appointment, the person shall inform the Board, in writing, within 30 days after becoming aware of such changed facts.

3. A person who wishes to be appointed or reappointed to the Youth Legislature must submit an application on the form prescribed pursuant to subsection 4 to the Senator of the senatorial district in which the person resides, is enrolled in a public school or private school or, if the person is a homeschooled child[~~;~~] **or opt-in child**, the senatorial district in which he or she is otherwise eligible to be enrolled in a public school. A person may not submit an application to more than one Senator in a calendar year.



4. The Board shall prescribe a form for applications submitted pursuant to this section, which must require the signature of the principal of the school in which the applicant is enrolled or, if the applicant is a homeschooled child[<sup>7</sup>] ***or opt-in child***, the signature of a member of the community in which the applicant resides other than a relative of the applicant.

**Sec. 20** NRS 219A.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. A position on the Youth Legislature becomes vacant upon:

(a) The death or resignation of a member.

(b) The determination of the Chair or Vice Chair of the Board, as applicable, that a member has accrued, for any reason, any combination of:

(1) Absences from meetings or event days of the Youth Legislature; or

(2) Incompletions of any other activities that are assigned to him or her by the Board as a member of the Youth Legislature,

→ if the combination of absences or incompletions amounts to three or more missed or unsuccessful activity credits during his or her term, unless the absences or incompletions are excused, in whole or in part, by the Chair or Vice Chair of the Board, as applicable.

(c) A change of residency or a change of the school of enrollment of a member which renders that member ineligible under his or her original appointment.

2. In addition to the provisions of subsection 1, a position on the Youth Legislature becomes vacant if:

(a) A member of the Youth Legislature graduates from high school or otherwise ceases to attend public school or private school for any reason other than to become a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child***; or

(b) A member of the Youth Legislature who is a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** completes an educational plan of instruction for grade 12 or otherwise ceases to be a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** for any reason other than to enroll in a public school or private school.

3. A vacancy on the Youth Legislature must be filled:

(a) For the remainder of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment, except that, if the remainder of the unexpired term is less than 1 year, the member of the Senate who made the original appointment may appoint a person who:

(1) Is enrolled in a public school or private school in this State in grade 12 or who is a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** who is otherwise eligible to enroll in a public school in this State in grade 12; and

(2) Satisfies the qualifications set forth in paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 219A.140.

(b) Insofar as is practicable, within 30 days after the date on which the vacancy occurs.

4. As used in this section:

(a) “Activity credit” means a credit, or any fractional portion thereof, that the Board has determined a member is eligible to earn for:

(1) Attending meetings or event days of the Youth Legislature; or

(2) Completing, in the manner required by the Board, any other activities that are assigned to him or her by the Board as a member of the Youth Legislature.

(b) “Event day” means any single calendar day on which an official, scheduled event of the Youth Legislature is held, including, without limitation, a course of instruction, a course of orientation, a meeting, a seminar or any other official, scheduled activity.

**Sec. 21.** NRS 385B.060 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. The Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association shall adopt rules and regulations in the manner provided for state agencies by chapter 233B of NRS as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter. The regulations must include provisions governing the eligibility and participation of homeschooled children ***and opt-in children*** in interscholastic activities and events. In addition to the regulations governing eligibility, a homeschooled child who wishes to participate must have on file with the school district in which the child resides a current notice of intent of a homeschooled child to participate in programs and activities pursuant to NRS 388D.070.

***2. An opt-in child who wishes to participate must have on file with the school district in which the child resides a current notice of intent of an opt-in child to participate in programs and activities pursuant to section 30 of this act.***

[2] 3. The Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association shall adopt regulations setting forth:

(a) The standards of safety for each event, competition or other activity engaged in by a spirit squad of a school that is a member of the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association, which must substantially comply with the spirit rules of the National Federation of State High School Associations, or its successor organization; and

(b) The qualifications required for a person to become a coach of a spirit squad.

[3] 4. If the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association intends to adopt, repeal or amend a policy, rule or regulation concerning or affecting homeschooled children, the Association shall consult with the Northern Nevada Homeschool Advisory Council and the Southern Nevada Homeschool Advisory Council, or their successor organizations, to provide those Councils with a reasonable opportunity to submit data, opinions or arguments, orally or in writing, concerning the proposal or change. The Association shall consider all written and oral submissions respecting the proposal or change before taking final action.

[4] 5. As used in this section, “spirit squad” means any team or other group of persons that is formed for the purpose of:

(a) Leading cheers or rallies to encourage support for a team that participates in a sport that is sanctioned by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association; or

(b) Participating in a competition against another team or other group of persons to determine the ability of each team or group of persons to engage in an activity specified in paragraph (a).

**Sec. 22.** NRS 385B.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. A homeschooled child must be allowed to participate in interscholastic activities and events in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association pursuant to NRS 385B.060 if a notice of intent of a homeschooled child to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district in which the child resides for the current school year pursuant to NRS 388D.070.

***2. An opt-in child must be allowed to participate in interscholastic activities and events in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association pursuant to NRS 385B.060 if a notice of intent of an opt-in child to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district in which the child resides for the current school year pursuant to section 28 of this act.***

[2] 3. The provisions of this chapter and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto that apply to pupils enrolled in public schools who participate in interscholastic activities and events apply in the same manner to homeschooled **and opt-in** children who participate in interscholastic activities and events, including, without limitation, provisions governing:

- (a) Eligibility and qualifications for participation;
- (b) Fees for participation;
- (c) Insurance;
- (d) Transportation;
- (e) Requirements of physical examination;
- (f) Responsibilities of participants;
- (g) Schedules of events;
- (h) Safety and welfare of participants;
- (i) Eligibility for awards, trophies and medals;
- (j) Conduct of behavior and performance of participants; and
- (k) Disciplinary procedures.

**Sec. 23.** NRS 385B.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:

No challenge may be brought by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association, a school district, a public school or a private school, a parent or guardian of a pupil enrolled in a public school or a private school, a pupil enrolled in a public school or private school, or any other entity or person claiming that an interscholastic activity or event is invalid because homeschooled **or opt-in** children or children of a military family who transferred schools pursuant to the provisions of chapter 388F of NRS are allowed to participate in the interscholastic activity or event.

**Sec. 24.** NRS 385B.170 is hereby amended to read as follows:

A school district, public school or private school shall not prescribe any regulations, rules, policies, procedures or requirements governing the:

1. Eligibility of homeschooled children, **opt-in children** or children of a military family who transferred schools pursuant to the provisions of chapter 388F of NRS to participate in interscholastic activities and events pursuant to this chapter; or
2. Participation of homeschooled children, **opt-in children** or children of a military family who transferred schools pursuant to the provisions of chapter 388F of NRS in interscholastic activities and events pursuant to this chapter,

→ that are more restrictive than the provisions governing eligibility and participation prescribed by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association pursuant to NRS 385B.060 and 385B.130.

**Sec. 25.** NRS 388A.471 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of a child who is enrolled in a public school of a school district or a private school, or a parent or legal guardian of a homeschooled child *or opt-in child*, the governing body of the charter school shall authorize the child to participate in a class that is not otherwise available to the child at his or her school or homeschool *or from his or her participating entity, as defined in section 6 of this act*, or participate in an extracurricular activity at the charter school if:

(a) Space for the child in the class or extracurricular activity is available;

(b) The parent or legal guardian demonstrates to the satisfaction of the governing body that the child is qualified to participate in the class or extracurricular activity; ~~and~~

(c) The child is a homeschooled child and a notice of intent of a homeschooled child to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district in which the child resides for the current school year pursuant to NRS 388D.070[-]; *and*

*(d) The child is an opt-in child and a notice of intent of an opt-in child to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district in which the child resides for the current school year pursuant to section 30 of this act*

2. If the governing body of a charter school authorizes a child to participate in a class or extracurricular activity pursuant to subsection 1, the governing body is not required to provide transportation for the child to attend the class or activity. A charter school shall not authorize such a child to participate in a class or activity through a program of distance education provided by the charter school pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive.

3. The governing body of a charter school may revoke its approval for a child to participate in a class or extracurricular activity at a charter school pursuant to subsection 1 if the governing body determines that the child has failed to comply with applicable statutes, or applicable rules and regulations. If the governing body so revokes its approval, neither the governing body nor the charter school is liable for any damages relating to the denial of services to the child.

4. The governing body of a charter school may, before authorizing a homeschooled child to participate in a class or extracurricular activity pursuant to subsection 1, require proof of the identity of the child, including, without limitation, the birth certificate of the child or other documentation sufficient to establish the identity of the child.

**Sec. 26.** NRS 388.850 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. A pupil may enroll in a program of distance education if:

(a) Pursuant to this section or other specific statute, the pupil is eligible for enrollment or the pupil's enrollment is not otherwise prohibited;

(b) The program of distance education in which the pupil wishes to enroll is offered by the school district in which the pupil resides or a charter school or, if the program of distance education

in which the pupil wishes to enroll is a full-time program of distance education offered by a school district other than the school district in which the pupil resides, the program is not the same or substantially similar to a program of distance education offered by the school district in which the pupil resides;

(c) The pupil satisfies the qualifications and conditions for enrollment adopted by the State Board pursuant to NRS 388.874; and

(d) The pupil satisfies the requirements of the program of distance education.

2. A child who is exempt from compulsory attendance and is enrolled in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or is being homeschooled is not eligible to enroll in or otherwise attend a program of distance education, regardless of whether the child is otherwise eligible for enrollment pursuant to subsection 1.

3. If a pupil who is prohibited from attending public school pursuant to NRS 392.264 enrolls in a program of distance education, the enrollment and attendance of that pupil must comply with all requirements of NRS 62F.100 to 62F.150, inclusive, and 392.251 to 392.271, inclusive.

4. A pupil who is enrolled in grade 12 in a program of distance education and who moves out of this State is eligible to maintain enrollment in the program of distance education until the pupil graduates from high school.

***5. An opt-in child who is exempt from compulsory attendance is not eligible to enroll in or otherwise attend a program of distance education, regardless of whether the child is otherwise eligible for enrollment pursuant to subsection 1, unless the opt-in child receives only a portion of his or her instruction from a participating entity as authorized pursuant to section 9 of this act.***

**Sec. 27.** Chapter 392 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 28, 29 and 30 of this act.

**Sec. 28.** *As used in this section and sections 29 and 30 of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, "parent" has the meaning ascribed to it in section 5 of this act.*

**Sec. 29. 1.** *The parent of an opt-in child shall provide notice to the school district where the child would otherwise attend that the child is an opt-in child as soon as practicable after entering into an agreement to establish an education freedom account pursuant to section 9 of this act. Such notice must also include:*

***(a) The full name, age and gender of the child; and***

***(b) The name and address of each parent of the child.***

***2. The superintendent of schools of a school shall accept a notice provided pursuant to subsection 1 and shall not require any additional assurances from the parent who filed the notice.***

***3. The school district shall provide to a parent who files a notice pursuant to subsection 1, a written acknowledgement which clearly indicates that the parent has provided the notification required by law and that the child is an opt-in child. The written acknowledgment shall be deemed proof of compliance with Nevada's compulsory school attendance law.***

***4. The superintendent of schools of a school district shall process a written request for a copy of the records of the school district or any information contained therein relating to an opt-in child not later than 5 days after receiving the request. The superintendent of schools may only release such records or information:***

*(a) To the Department, the Budget Division of the Department of Administration and the Fiscal Analysis Division of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for use in preparing the biennial budget;*

*(b) To a person or entity specified by the parent of the child, or by the child if the child is at least 18 years of age, upon suitable proof of identity of the parent or child; or*

*(c) If required by specific statute.*

*5. If an opt-in child seeks admittance or entrance to any public school in this State, the school may use only commonly used practices in determining the academic ability, placement or eligibility of the child. If the child enrolls in a charter school, the charter school shall, to the extent practicable, notify the board of trustees of the resident school district of the child's enrollment in the charter school. Regardless of whether the charter school provides such notification to the board of trustees, the charter school may count the child who is enrolled for the purposes of NRS 387.123. An opt-in child seeking admittance to public high school must comply with NRS 392.033.*

*6. A school shall not discriminate in any manner against an opt-in child or a child who was formerly an opt-in child.*

*7. Each school district shall allow an opt-in child to participate in all college entrance examinations offered in this State, including, without limitation, the SAT, the ACT, the Preliminary SAT and the National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test. Each school district shall upon request, provide information to the parent of an opt-in child who resides in the school district has adequate notice of the availability of information concerning such examinations on the Internet website of the school district maintained pursuant to NRS 389.004.*

*Sec. 30. 1. The Department shall develop a standard form for the notice of intent of an opt-in child to participate in programs and activities. The board of trustees of each school district shall, in a timely manner, make only the form developed by the Department available to parents of opt-in children.*

*2. If an opt-in child wishes to participate in classes, activities, programs, sports or interscholastic activities and events at a public school or through a school district, or through the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association, the parent of the child must file a current notice of intent to participate with the resident school district.*

**Sec. 31.** NRS 392.033 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. The State Board shall adopt regulations which prescribe the courses of study required for promotion to high school, including, without limitation, English, mathematics, science and social studies. The regulations may include the credits to be earned in each course.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the board of trustees of a school district shall not promote a pupil to high school if the pupil does not complete the course of study or credits required for promotion. The board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil is enrolled may provide programs of remedial study to complete the courses of study required for promotion to high school.

3. The board of trustees of each school district shall adopt a procedure for evaluating the course of study or credits completed by a pupil who transfers to a junior high or middle school from a junior high or middle school in this State or from a school outside of this State.

4. The board of trustees of each school district shall adopt a policy that allows a pupil who has not completed the courses of study or credits required for promotion to high school to be placed on academic probation and to

enroll in high school. A pupil who is on academic probation pursuant to this subsection shall complete appropriate remediation in the subject areas that the pupil failed to pass. The policy must include the criteria for eligibility of a pupil to be placed on academic probation. A parent or guardian may elect not to place his or her child on academic probation but to remain in grade 8.

5. A homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** who enrolls in a public high school shall, upon initial enrollment:

- (a) Provide documentation sufficient to prove that the child has successfully completed the courses of study required for promotion to high school through an accredited program of homeschool study recognized by the board of trustees of the school district ~~[;]~~ ***or from a participating entity, as applicable;***
- (b) Demonstrate proficiency in the courses of study required for promotion to high school through an examination prescribed by the board of trustees of the school district; or
- (c) Provide other proof satisfactory to the board of trustees of the school district demonstrating competency in the courses of study required for promotion to high school.

***6. As used in this section, “participating entity” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 6 of this act.***

**Sec. 32.** NRS 392.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Attendance of a child required by the provisions of NRS 392.040 must be excused when:

- (a) The child is enrolled in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS; ~~[or]~~
- (b) A parent of the child chooses to provide education to the child and files a notice of intent to homeschool the child with the superintendent of schools of the school district in which the child resides in accordance with NRS 392.700 ~~[;]~~ ***or***
- (c) The child is an opt-in child and notice of such has been provided to the school district in which the child resides or the charter school in which the child was previously enrolled, as applicable, in accordance with section 29 of this act.***

**Sec. 33.** NRS 392.074 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1 of NRS 392.072 for programs of special education and related services, upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of a child who is enrolled in a private school or a parent or legal guardian of a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child***, the board of trustees of the school district in which the child resides shall authorize the child to participate in any classes and extracurricular activities, excluding sports, at a public school within the school district if:

- (a) Space for the child in the class or extracurricular activity is available;
- (b) The parent or legal guardian demonstrates to the satisfaction of the board of trustees that the child is qualified to participate in the class or extracurricular activity; ~~[and]~~
- (c) If the child is a homeschooled child, a notice of intent of a homeschooled child to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district for the current school year pursuant to NRS 388D.070~~[-]~~; ***and***
- (d) if the child is an opt-in child, a notice of intent of an opt-in child to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district for the current school year pursuant to section 30 of this act.***

→ If the board of trustees of a school district authorizes a child to participate in a class or extracurricular activity, excluding sports, pursuant to this subsection, the board of trustees is not required to provide transportation for the child to attend the class or activity. A homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** must be allowed to participate in interscholastic activities and events governed by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association pursuant to chapter 385B of NRS and interscholastic activities and events, including sports, pursuant to subsection 3.

2. The board of trustees of a school district may revoke its approval for a pupil to participate in a class or extracurricular activity at a public school pursuant to subsection 1 if the board of trustees or the public school determines that the pupil has failed to comply with applicable statutes, or applicable rules and regulations of the board of trustees. If the board of trustees revokes its approval, neither the board of trustees nor the public school is liable for any damages relating to the denial of services to the pupil.

3. In addition to those interscholastic activities and events governed by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association pursuant to chapter 385B of NRS, a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** must be allowed to participate in interscholastic activities and events, including sports, if a notice of intent of a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** to participate in programs and activities is filed for the child with the school district for the current school year pursuant to NRS 388D.070 ***or section 30 of this act, as applicable***. A homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** who participates in interscholastic activities and events at a public school pursuant to this subsection must participate within the school district of the child's residence through the public school which the child is otherwise zoned to attend. Any rules or regulations that apply to pupils enrolled in public schools who participate in interscholastic activities and events, including sports, apply in the same manner to homeschooled children ***and opt-in children*** who participate in interscholastic activities and events, including, without limitation, provisions governing:

- (a) Eligibility and qualifications for participation;
- (b) Fees for participation;
- (c) Insurance;
- (d) Transportation;
- (e) Requirements of physical examination;
- (f) Responsibilities of participants;
- (g) Schedules of events;
- (h) Safety and welfare of participants;
- (i) Eligibility for awards, trophies and medals;
- (j) Conduct of behavior and performance of participants; and
- (k) Disciplinary procedures.

4. If a homeschooled child ***or opt-in child*** participates in interscholastic activities and events pursuant to subsection 3:

- (a) No challenge may be brought by the Association, a school district, a public school or a private school, a parent or guardian of a pupil enrolled in a public school or a private school, a pupil enrolled in a public school



or a private school, or any other entity or person claiming that an interscholastic activity or event is invalid because the homeschooled child *or opt-in child* is allowed to participate.

(b) Neither the school district nor a public school may prescribe any regulations, rules, policies, procedures or requirements governing the eligibility or participation of the homeschooled child *or opt-in child* that are more restrictive than the provisions governing the eligibility and participation of pupils enrolled in public schools.

5. The board of trustees of a school district:

(a) May, before authorizing a homeschooled child *or opt-in child* to participate in a class or extracurricular activity, excluding sports, pursuant to subsection 1, require proof of the identity of the child, including, without limitation, the birth certificate of the child or other documentation sufficient to establish the identity of the child.

(b) Shall, before allowing a homeschooled child *or opt-in child* to participate in interscholastic activities and events governed by the Nevada Interscholastic Activities Association pursuant to chapter 385B of NRS and interscholastic activities and events pursuant to subsection 3, require proof of the identity of the child, including, without limitation, the birth certificate of the child or other documentation sufficient to establish the identity of the child.

**Sec. 34.** NRS 392.466 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any pupil who commits a battery which results in the bodily injury of an employee of the school or who sells or distributes any controlled substance while on the premises of any public school, at an activity sponsored by a public school or on any school bus and who is at least 11 years of age shall meet with the school and his or her parent or legal guardian. The school shall provide a plan of action based on restorative justice to the parent or legal guardian of the pupil or if the pupil is an unaccompanied pupil, the pupil. The pupil may be suspended or expelled from the school, in which case the pupil shall:

(a) Enroll in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or be homeschooled *or an opt-in child*; or

(b) Enroll in a program of independent study provided pursuant to NRS 389.155 for pupils who have been suspended or expelled from public school or a program of distance education provided pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive, if the pupil qualifies for enrollment and is accepted for enrollment in accordance with the requirements of the applicable program.

2. An employee who is a victim of a battery which results in the bodily injury of an employee of the school may appeal to the school the plan of action provided pursuant to subsection 1 if:

(a) The employee feels any actions taken pursuant to such plan are inappropriate; and

(b) For a pupil with a disability who committed the battery, the board of trustees of the school district or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and determined that such an appeal is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any pupil of any age, including, without limitation, a pupil with a disability, who is found in possession of a firearm or a dangerous weapon while on the premises of any public school, at an activity sponsored by a public school or on any school bus must, for the first occurrence, be expelled from the school for a period of not less than 1 year, although the pupil may be placed in another kind of school for a period not to exceed the period of the expulsion. For a second occurrence, the pupil must be permanently expelled from the school.

4. If a school is unable to retain a pupil in the school pursuant to subsection 1 for the safety of any person or because doing so would not be in the best interest of the pupil, the pupil may be suspended, expelled or placed in another school. If a pupil is placed in another school, the current school of the pupil shall explain what services will be provided to the pupil at the new school that the current school is unable to provide to address the specific needs and behaviors of the pupil. The school district of the current school of the pupil shall coordinate with the new school to create a plan of action based on restorative justice for the pupil and to ensure that any resources required to execute the plan of action based on restorative justice are available at the new school.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a pupil is deemed a habitual disciplinary problem pursuant to NRS 392.4655, the pupil is at least 11 years of age and the school has made a reasonable effort to complete a plan of action based on restorative justice with the pupil, based on the seriousness of the acts which were the basis for the discipline, the pupil may be:

(a) Suspended from the school;

(b) Expelled from the school under extraordinary circumstances as determined by the principal of the school.

6. If the pupil is expelled, or the period of the pupil's suspension is for one school semester, the pupil must:

(a) Enroll in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or be homeschooled *or become an opt-in child*; or

(b) Enroll in a program of independent study provided pursuant to NRS 389.155 for pupils who have been suspended or expelled from public school or a program of distance education provided pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive, if the pupil qualifies for enrollment and is accepted for enrollment in accordance with the requirements of the applicable program.

7. The superintendent of schools of a school district may, for good cause shown in a particular case in that school district, allow a modification to a suspension or expulsion pursuant to subsections 1 to 5, inclusive, if such modification is set forth in writing. The superintendent shall allow such a modification if the superintendent determines that a plan of action based on restorative justice may be used successfully.

8. This section does not prohibit a pupil from having in his or her possession a knife or firearm with the approval of the principal of the school. A principal may grant such approval only in accordance with the policies or regulations adopted by the board of trustees of the school district.

9. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 3, a pupil who is less than 11 years of age must not be permanently expelled from school. In extraordinary circumstances, a school may request an exception to this subsection from the board of trustees of the school district. A pupil who is at least 11 years of age may be suspended, expelled or permanently expelled from school pursuant to this section only after the board of trustees of the school district or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and approved this action in accordance with the procedural policy adopted by the board for such issues.

10. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a pupil with a disability who is at least 11 years of age may, in accordance with the procedural policy adopted by the board of trustees of the school district for such matters and only after the board of trustees of the school district or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and determined that the action is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., be:

(a) Suspended from school pursuant to this section for not more than 5 days. Such a suspension may be imposed pursuant to this paragraph for each occurrence of conduct proscribed by subsection 1.

(b) Expelled from school pursuant to this section.

(c) Permanently expelled from school pursuant to this section.

11. A homeless pupil or a pupil in foster care who is at least 11 years of age may be suspended or expelled from school pursuant to this section only if a determination is made that the behavior that led to the consideration for suspension or expulsion was not caused by homelessness or being in foster care. The person responsible for making a determination of whether or not the behavior was caused by homelessness or being in foster care shall presume that the behavior was caused by homelessness or being in foster care unless the person determines that the behavior was not caused by homelessness or being in foster care pursuant to this subsection. A determination that the behavior was not caused by homelessness must be made in consultation with the local educational agency liaison for homeless pupils designated in accordance with the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act of 1987, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11301 et seq., or a contact person at a school, including, without limitation, a school counselor or school social worker. A determination that the behavior was not caused by being in foster care must be made in consultation with an advocate for pupils in foster care at the school in which the pupil is in enrolled or the school counselor of the pupil.

12. The provisions of chapter 241 of NRS do not apply to any hearing or proceeding conducted pursuant to this section. Such hearings or proceedings must be closed to the public.

13. As used in this section:

(a) “Battery” has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.481.

(b) “Dangerous weapon” includes, without limitation, a blackjack, slungshot, billy, sand-club, sandbag, metal knuckles, dirk or dagger, a nunchaku or trefoil, as defined in NRS 202.350, a butterfly knife or any other knife described in NRS 202.350, a switchblade knife as defined in NRS 202.265, or any other object which is used, or threatened to be used, in such a manner and under such circumstances as to pose a threat of, or cause, bodily injury to a person.

(c) “Firearm” includes, without limitation, any pistol, revolver, shotgun, explosive substance or device, and any other item included within the definition of a “firearm” in 18 U.S.C. § 921, as that section existed on July 1, 1995.

(d) “Foster care” has the meaning ascribed to it in 45 C.F.R. § 1355.20. (e) “Homeless pupil” has the meaning ascribed to the term.

(e) “Homeless children and youths” in 42 U.S.C. § 11434a(2).

(f) “Permanently expelled” means the disciplinary removal of a pupil from the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (2), without the possibility of returning to the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled or another public school within the school district; and

(2) With the possibility of enrolling in a program or public school for alternative education for pupils who are expelled or permanently expelled after being permanently expelled.

(g) “Restorative justice” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.472.

(h) “Unaccompanied pupil” has the meaning ascribed to the term “unaccompanied youth” in 42 U.S.C. §1434a(6).

14. The provisions of this section do not prohibit a pupil who is suspended or expelled from enrolling in a charter school that is designed exclusively for the enrollment of pupils with disciplinary problems if the pupil is accepted for enrollment by the charter school pursuant to NRS 388A.453 or 388A.456. Upon request, the governing body of a charter school must be provided with access to the records of the pupil relating to the pupil’s suspension or expulsion in accordance with applicable federal and state law before the governing body makes a decision concerning the enrollment of the pupil.

***Sec. 35. Nothing herein shall require the Legislature to appropriate money to fund education freedom accounts or any expenses related thereto.***

***Sec. 36. If any provision or part of this act be declared invalid, or the application thereof to any person, thing or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions or application of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable. This subsection shall be construed broadly to preserve and effectuate the declared purpose of this act.***

***Sec. 37. The provisions of this act become effective upon an appropriation by the Legislature to fund the education freedom accounts.***

[The remainder of this page is blank.]

## **DESCRIPTION OF EFFECT**

The Petition establishes an education freedom account program under which parents will be authorized to establish an account for their child's education. The parent of any child required to attend public school who has been enrolled in a public school in Nevada during the entirety of the immediately preceding school year or whose child is eligible to enroll in kindergarten may establish an account for the child. Money in the accounts may be used to pay certain educational expenses including, but not limited to, tuition and fees at participating entities. Participating entities may include eligible private schools, a program of distance education not operated by a public school and parents, among others.

The maximum available grant is 90 percent of the statewide base per pupil funding amount. For Fiscal Year 2021-2022, that statewide base per pupil funding amount is \$6,980 per pupil, and for Fiscal Year 2022-2023 it is \$7,074 per pupil. That said, nothing in the initiative requires the Legislature to appropriate money to fund the accounts. If no money is appropriated, no funding will be available for the accounts. Funding the accounts, however, could necessitate a tax increase or reduction of government services.

**County of \_\_\_\_\_ (Only registered voters of this county may sign below)**  
**Petition District \_\_\_\_\_ (Only registered voters of this petition district may sign below)**

This Space For  
Office Use Only

<b>1</b>	PRINT YOUR NAME (first name, initial, last name)		RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONLY		
	YOUR SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ / /		CITY _____ COUNTY _____		
<b>2</b>	PRINT YOUR NAME (first name, initial, last name)		RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONLY		
	YOUR SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ / /		CITY _____ COUNTY _____		
<b>3</b>	PRINT YOUR NAME (first name, initial, last name)		RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONLY		
	YOUR SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ / /		CITY _____ COUNTY _____		
<b>4</b>	PRINT YOUR NAME (first name, initial, last name)		RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONLY		
	YOUR SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ / /		CITY _____ COUNTY _____		
<b>5</b>	PRINT YOUR NAME (first name, initial, last name)		RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONLY		
	YOUR SIGNATURE _____ DATE _____ / /		CITY _____ COUNTY _____		

## DESCRIPTION OF EFFECT

The Petition establishes an education freedom account program under which parents will be authorized to establish an account for their child's education. The parent of any child required to attend public school who has been enrolled in a public school in Nevada during the entirety of the immediately preceding school year or whose child is eligible to enroll in kindergarten may establish an account for the child. Money in the accounts may be used to pay certain educational expenses including, but not limited to, tuition and fees at participating entities. Participating entities may include eligible private schools, a program of distance education not operated by a public school and parents, among others.

The maximum available grant is 90 percent of the statewide base per pupil funding amount. For Fiscal Year 2021-2022, that statewide base per pupil funding amount is \$6,980 per pupil, and for Fiscal Year 2022-2023 it is \$7,074 per pupil. That said, nothing in the initiative requires the Legislature to appropriate money to fund the accounts. If no money is appropriated, no funding will be available for the accounts. Funding the accounts, however, could necessitate a tax increase or reduction of government services.

**County of** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Petition District** \_\_\_\_\_

**(Only registered voters of this county may sign below)**

**(Only registered voters of this petition district may sign below)**

This Space For  
Office Use Only

6	PRINT YOUR NAME (first name, initial, last name)	RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONLY		
	YOUR SIGNATURE  / /	DATE	CITY  COUNTY	
7	PRINT YOUR NAME (first name, initial, last name)	RESIDENCE ADDRESS ONLY		
	YOUR SIGNATURE  / /	DATE	CITY  COUNTY	

**Place Affidavit on last page of document.**

**THE FOLLOWING AFFIDAVIT MUST BE COMPLETED AND SIGNED:**

**AFFIDAVIT OF CIRCULATOR**

(TO BE SIGNED BY CIRCULATOR)

STATE OF NEVADA )

COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_ )

I, \_\_\_\_\_, (print name), being first duly sworn under penalty of perjury, depose and say: (1) that I reside at \_\_\_\_\_  
(print street, city and state); (2) that I am 18 years of age or older; (3) that I personally circulated this document; (4) that all signatures were affixed in my presence; (5) that the number of signatures affixed thereon is \_\_\_\_\_; and (6) that each person who signed had an opportunity before signing to read the full text of the act or resolution on which the initiative or referendum is demanded.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Circulator

Subscribed and sworn to or affirmed before me this

\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, by \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public or person authorized to administer oath